

CHAPTER 36 ACTIVITY
Basic Concepts

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the correct answer from the list below. Not all terms may be used and some terms may be used more than once.

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| absolute | executive branch | restrict |
| amendments | expensive | social rights |
| balancing test | federal | state |
| bear arms | government | supreme law of the land |
| Bill of Rights | human rights | tests |
| civil rights | incorporated | time-consuming |
| due process of law | judicial branch | Universal Declaration
of Human Rights |
| economic rights | legislative branch | |
| equal protection | political rights | |

- The U.S. Constitution is the framework of our government, establishing the _____, _____, and _____.
- It also includes the _____, the first _____, along with many additional _____.
- The founders anticipated that the Constitution would have to adapt itself to changing conditions. In more recent years, the Supreme Court has interpreted the Second Amendment's right to _____ to include the right of citizens to own firearms.
- The Fifth Amendment requires the federal government to provide _____, and the Fourteenth Amendment requires state governments to provide the same right to individuals.
- Rights provided in the Constitution are not _____, as rights of one person may _____ the rights of another.
- Rights in the Bill of Rights were written to _____ the _____ government; today most rights have been _____ to apply to actions of state governments.
- In deciding how to interpret and apply Constitutional rights to specific situations, the courts use _____ to help them decide. One example is the _____.
- Individuals wishing to sue for a violation of their rights need to understand that enforcing one's rights can be _____ and _____.
- The world community has adopted the _____, which protects _____.
- The U.S. Constitution primarily protects _____ and _____ but not _____ or _____.